## **OXYTOCIN**

**SYNONYMS** Synthetic oxytocin

**BRAND NAME** OXYTOCIN APX, GH, SYNTOCINON, VIATOCINON

DRUG CLASS

**AVAILABILITY** APX ampoule contains 10 units/mL of oxytocin. Also contains glacial acetic acid and

chlorbutanol hemihvdrate.1

GH ampoule contains 5 units/mL or 10 units/mL of oxytocin. Also contains sodium

chloride, sodium acetate and glacial acetic acid.1

**Syntocinon** ampoule contains 5 units/mL or 10 units/mL of oxytocin. Also contains

sodium acetate, glacial acetic acid, chlorbutanol hemihydrate and ethanol.<sup>1</sup> Viatocinon ampoule contains 10 units/mL of oxytocin. Also contains sodium acetate

and glacial acetic acid.1

The solution is clear and colourless.1

3-52 Ηq

**PREPARATION** Not required

STABII ITY Store at 2 to 8 °C. Do not freeze. Protect from light.1

Viatocinon ampoules are stable for 4 weeks below 25 °C. Do not return to fridge.1

**GH** ampoules are stable for 3 months below 25 °C. Do not return to fridge.<sup>1</sup>

**ADMINISTRATION** 

Suitable for third stage of labour and postpartum period. Not recommended for IM injection

induction or enhancement of labour.1

SUBCUT injection Not recommended

> IV injection Suitable for third stage of labour and postpartum period. Inject slowly over 3 to

5 minutes. Rapid injection can cause transient hypotension and tachycardia.<sup>1</sup>

Not recommended for induction or enhancement of labour.1

Suitable for induction and enhancement of labour. Dilute 10 units with 1000 mL of a IV infusion

compatible fluid.1 Start the infusion at 1-4 milliunits/minute. Increase at intervals of at

least 20 minutes as required to a maximum of 20 milliunits/minute.1

Practical example:

dilute 10 units in 1000 mL of compatible fluid to make a concentration of 10 milliunits/mL. A rate of 6 mL/hour will deliver a dose of 1 milliunit/minute, or dilute 10 units in 500 mL of compatible fluid to make a concentration of

20 milliunits/mL. A rate of 3 mL/hour will deliver a dose of 1 milliunit/minute.

For patients with fluid restrictions 10 units can be diluted to 100 mL with a compatible fluid to make a concentration of 100 milliunits/mL. Consult your local guidelines.<sup>1</sup>

**COMPATIBILITY** 

Fluids Glucose in sodium chloride solutions<sup>1,2</sup>, Hartmann's<sup>2</sup>, Plasma-Lyte 148 via Y-site<sup>3</sup>,

Ringer's<sup>2</sup>, sodium chloride 0.9%.<sup>1</sup> Do not use glucose 5% as it increases the risk of

water intoxication.1

**Y-site** Heparin sodium<sup>2</sup>, potassium chloride<sup>2</sup>

**INCOMPATIBILITY** 

Fluids Solutions that contain bisulfites and metabisulfites as preservatives.<sup>1</sup>

No information Drugs

SPECIAL NOTES Monitor foetal heart rate and contractions during infusion.<sup>1</sup>

Latex allergy may be an important predisposing risk factor for anaphylaxis following

oxytocin administration.1

## **REFERENCES**

Product information. Available from www.tga.gov.au. Accessed 04/02/2021.
McEvoy GK editor. Handbook on injectable drugs. 20th ed. Bethesda, MD: American Society of Health-System Pharmacists; 2018.
OneCall Medical Information Service. Y-Site compatibility of intravenous drugs with Plasmalyte 148. Toongabbie, NSW: Baxter; 2015.