niCARdipine

BRAND NAME CARDENE, LOXEN, NICARDIPINE ARROW, HIKMA, MERCURY (ADVANZ)

DRUG CLASS Antihypertensive, calcium channel blocker

Cardene pre-mixed infusion solution contains 20 mg/200 mL or 40 mg/200 mL of **AVAILABILITY**

nicardipine hydrochloride in sodium chloride solution. Also contains sorbitol, citric acid anhydrous and sodium hydroxide or hydrochloric acid. 1 The solution is clear and

colourless to yellow.1

Ampoule or vial contains a concentrated solution of 10 mg/10 mL or 25 mg/10 mL of nicardipine. Excipients are different depending on the product sourced, check the

product information statement.²⁻⁵ The solution is clear and vellow.^{2,4}

Available through the Special Access Scheme.

Pre-mixed bag: 3.7-4.71 Concentrated solution (buffered): 3.55 Ha

PREPARATION Not required

STABILITY Ampoule, vial and pre-mixed bag: store at 25 °C. Protect from light. 1-4

Infusion solution: see the product information for stability.²⁻⁴

ADMINISTRATION

IM injection Not recommended SUBCUT injection Not recommended IV injection Not recommended

> IV infusion For infusion into a peripheral line use the pre-mixed infusion solution or dilute the ampoule or vial with a compatible fluid to a concentration of 0.1–0.2 mg/mL. 1-4

i.e. dilute 10 mg to 100 mL or 25 mg to 250 mL to make a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL or dilute 10 mg to 50 mL or 50 mg to 250 mL to make a concentration of 0.2 mg/mL.

Higher concentrations must be given into a central line.^{2,3}

Start the infusion at 5 mg/hour. Increase by up to 2.5 mg/hour every 5 minutes for rapid titration or every 15 minutes for gradual titration. The maximum rate is 15 mg/hour.¹⁻⁴ Once target is reached, the infusion may be reduced gradually to a maintenance rate

of usually 2 to 4 mg/hour.1-4

Use an infusion pump. A central line is preferred, or use a large peripheral vein and

change the infusion site after 12 hours. 1-4 See Special Notes

COMPATIBILITY

Fluids Glucose 5%³⁻⁶, sodium chloride 0.9%⁴⁻⁶ see Special Notes

Y-site Amikacin⁵, aztreonam⁵, calcium gluconate⁵, cefazolin⁵, clindamycin⁵, erythromycin⁵,

esmolol⁵, fentanyl⁵, gentamicin⁵, hydromorphone⁵, isavuconazole⁵, labetalol⁵, lidocaine⁵, linezolid⁵, magnesium sulfate⁵, metronidazole⁵, potassium chloride⁵,

sodium nitroprusside⁵, tobramycin⁵, vancomycin⁵⁵

INCOMPATIBILITY

Hartmann's²⁻⁵, sodium bicarbonate²⁻⁵ Fluids

Aciclovir⁷, ampicillin⁴, azithromycin⁷, cefepime⁴, ceftolozane-tazobactam⁴, defibrotide⁴,

dexamethasone⁷, ertapenem⁷, foscarnet⁷, fosfomycin⁷, furosemide⁴, ganciclovir⁷, imipenem-cilastin⁷, meropenem⁷, micafungin⁴, phenobarbital⁷, piperacillin-tazobactam

(EDTA-free)⁷, potassium acetate⁷, sodium bicarbonate⁷, thiopental⁷, tigecycline⁷

SPECIAL NOTES Continuous cardiac monitoring is required.1-3

Effect is reduced by 50% within 30 minutes of stopping the infusion.^{1,3}

There is conflicting information about stability in sodium chloride 0.9% in PVC bags. 1,3-6 Refer to the product information for advice about use of non-PVC equipment.

REFERENCES

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